Table 11.1 ***Illicit Drug Use in Past Month and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in Past Month*** **in Georgia among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**

State/Substate Region	Illicit Drug Use in Past Month		Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in Past Month	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Georgia	7.68	(6.59 - 8.93)	3.23	(2.58 - 4.05)
Region 1	6.66	(5.01 - 8.79)	3.11	(2.19 - 4.38)
Region 2	7.32	(5.54 - 9.61)	3.29	(2.35 - 4.58)
Region 3	8.14	(6.59 - 10.03)	3.15	(2.34 - 4.24)
Region 4	7.44	(5.61 - 9.81)	3.30	(2.34 - 4.65)
Region 5	7.88	(6.03 - 10.23)	3.48	(2.48 - 4.86)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

NOTE: Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. These estimates are based on data from original questions, excluding those on the use of over-the-counter drugs or new methamphetamine items that were added in 2005 and 2006. See Section B.4.8 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2008 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

Table 11.2 ***Marijuana Use in Past Month, Average Annual Rate of First Use of Marijuana, and Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month*** **in Georgia among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**

State/Substate Region	Marijuana Use in Past Month		Average Annual Rate of First Use of Marijuana[1]		Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Georgia	5.76	(4.83 - 6.87)	1.64	(1.43 - 1.88)	39.67	(37.01 - 42.38)
Region 1	4.42	(3.07 - 6.32)	1.16	(0.88 - 1.54)	45.07	(39.69 - 50.57)
Region 2	5.32	(3.87 - 7.28)	1.45	(1.12 - 1.86)	38.23	(33.41 - 43.29)
Region 3	6.43	(5.07 - 8.12)	1.88	(1.55 - 2.28)	37.23	(33.51 - 41.11)
Region 4	5.47	(3.91 - 7.60)	1.41	(1.09 - 1.83)	43.73	(38.64 - 48.96)
Region 5	5.82	(4.24 - 7.95)	1.88	(1.47 - 2.40)	39.99	(34.96 - 45.23)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

[1] *Average annual marijuana initiation rate* = $100*\{[X_1 \div (0.5 * X_1 + X_2)] \div 2\}$, where X_1 is the number of marijuana initiates in the past 24 months and X_2 is the number of persons who never used marijuana. Both of the computation components, X_1 and X_2, are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach. Note that the age group is based on a respondent's age at the time of the interview, not his or her age at first use. The prediction intervals for Average Annual Rate of First Use of Marijuana use a simultaneous solution for First Use of Marijuana and Never Used Marijuana outcomes, which had age group-specific random effects that were allowed to be correlated across the two outcomes. The associated Markov Chain Monte Carlo chains were used to calculate the posterior variance.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

Table 11.3 ***Marijuana Use in Past Year, Cocaine Use in Past Year, and Nonmedical Use of Pain Relievers in Past Year*** **in Georgia among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**

State/Substate Region	Marijuana Use in Past Year		Cocaine Use in Past Year		Nonmedical Use of Pain Relievers in Past Year	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Georgia	10.51	(9.23 - 11.94)	2.31	(1.73 - 3.08)	5.31	(4.42 - 6.36)
Region 1	7.72	(5.77 - 10.25)	2.09	(1.39 - 3.12)	5.70	(4.28 - 7.56)
Region 2	9.12	(7.08 - 11.65)	2.37	(1.60 - 3.51)	5.74	(4.37 - 7.50)
Region 3	12.26	(10.28 - 14.55)	2.44	(1.67 - 3.58)	4.90	(3.83 - 6.25)
Region 4	9.50	(7.29 - 12.30)	2.21	(1.43 - 3.40)	5.30	(4.01 - 6.98)
Region 5	10.38	(8.20 - 13.05)	2.12	(1.41 - 3.17)	5.72	(4.36 - 7.48)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

Table 11.4 ***Alcohol Use in Past Month, Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month, and Perceptions of Great Risk of Having Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week*** **in Georgia among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**

State/Substate Region	Alcohol Use in Past Month		Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month[1]		Perceptions of Great Risk of Having Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Georgia	46.34	(43.74 - 48.97)	21.38	(19.47 - 23.42)	46.40	(43.70 - 49.12)
Region 1	38.85	(33.39 - 44.60)	21.23	(17.72 - 25.22)	43.47	(39.13 - 47.92)
Region 2	46.31	(41.10 - 51.60)	21.85	(18.64 - 25.44)	45.30	(41.26 - 49.40)
Region 3	52.05	(48.11 - 55.97)	21.86	(19.16 - 24.82)	47.71	(44.10 - 51.35)
Region 4	40.46	(34.93 - 46.23)	18.48	(15.27 - 22.19)	48.00	(43.68 - 52.34)
Region 5	41.13	(35.72 - 46.76)	22.15	(18.84 - 25.86)	44.99	(40.33 - 49.73)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

[1] Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

Table 11.5 ***Alcohol Use in Past Month and Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month*** **in Georgia among Persons Aged 12 to 20, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**

State/Substate Region	Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20		Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20[1]	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Georgia	24.01	(21.88 - 26.28)	15.00	(13.34 - 16.83)
Region 1	21.74	(17.75 - 26.34)	14.80	(11.49 - 18.85)
Region 2	27.49	(23.54 - 31.82)	17.31	(14.00 - 21.21)
Region 3	23.92	(20.84 - 27.29)	14.06	(11.64 - 16.89)
Region 4	21.20	(17.58 - 25.34)	12.64	(9.79 - 16.16)
Region 5	24.83	(20.99 - 29.11)	17.35	(14.18 - 21.07)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

[1] Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

Table 11.6 ***Cigarette Use in Past Month, Tobacco Product Use in Past Month, and Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day*** **in Georgia among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**

State/Substate Region	Cigarette Use in Past Month		Tobacco Product Use in Past Month[1]		Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Georgia	25.72	(23.67 - 27.89)	31.66	(29.41 - 34.01)	72.68	(70.37 - 74.88)
Region 1	26.72	(22.88 - 30.94)	34.27	(29.91 - 38.91)	68.66	(64.53 - 72.51)
Region 2	26.62	(22.79 - 30.84)	33.69	(29.70 - 37.93)	70.90	(67.16 - 74.38)
Region 3	23.20	(20.47 - 26.16)	28.51	(25.40 - 31.83)	76.15	(73.25 - 78.83)
Region 4	26.40	(22.60 - 30.58)	31.16	(27.21 - 35.40)	72.36	(68.54 - 75.87)
Region 5	31.10	(27.21 - 35.28)	37.16	(33.12 - 41.39)	68.11	(64.01 - 71.95)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

[1] Tobacco Products include cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

Table 11.7 ***Alcohol Dependence in Past Year and Illicit Drug Dependence in Past Year*** **in Georgia among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**

State/Substate Region	Alcohol Dependence in Past Year		Illicit Drug Dependence in Past Year[1]	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Georgia	3.36	(2.70 - 4.16)	1.91	(1.49 - 2.46)
Region 1	2.85	(2.03 - 3.98)	1.69	(1.06 - 2.67)
Region 2	3.10	(2.23 - 4.30)	1.96	(1.25 - 3.06)
Region 3	3.67	(2.72 - 4.94)	1.94	(1.36 - 2.76)
Region 4	3.34	(2.40 - 4.62)	2.00	(1.28 - 3.11)
Region 5	3.19	(2.31 - 4.40)	1.93	(1.25 - 2.95)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

NOTE: Dependence is based on the definition found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

[1] Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically; these estimates are based on data from original questions, excluding those on the use of over-the-counter drugs or new methamphetamine items that were added in 2005 and 2006. See Section B.4.8 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2008 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

Table 11.8 ***Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in Past Year, Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse in Past Year, and Dependence on or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in Past Year*** **in Georgia among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**

State/Substate Region	Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in Past Year		Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse in Past Year[1]		Dependence on or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in Past Year[1]	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Georgia	6.72	(5.76 - 7.83)	3.12	(2.52 - 3.86)	8.74	(7.65 - 9.98)
Region 1	5.75	(4.33 - 7.61)	2.60	(1.74 - 3.87)	7.08	(5.40 - 9.22)
Region 2	6.46	(5.04 - 8.24)	2.69	(1.82 - 3.94)	7.81	(6.14 - 9.89)
Region 3	7.30	(5.94 - 8.93)	3.43	(2.56 - 4.59)	9.73	(8.07 - 11.70)
Region 4	6.47	(4.95 - 8.41)	3.20	(2.17 - 4.68)	8.60	(6.75 - 10.90)
Region 5	6.44	(4.99 - 8.26)	3.09	(2.14 - 4.45)	8.52	(6.66 - 10.85)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

NOTE: Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

[1] Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically; these estimates are based on data from original questions, excluding those on the use of over-the-counter drugs or new methamphetamine items that were added in 2005 and 2006. See Section B.4.8 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2008 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

Table 11.9 ***Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol Use in Past Year and Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Illicit Drug Use in Past Year*** **in Georgia among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**

State/Substate Region	Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol Use in Past Year[1]		Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Illicit Drug Use in Past Year[2]	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Georgia	6.52	(5.56 - 7.64)	2.88	(2.33 - 3.54)
Region 1	5.50	(4.14 - 7.27)	2.27	(1.50 - 3.44)
Region 2	6.30	(4.87 - 8.12)	2.51	(1.73 - 3.63)
Region 3	7.06	(5.68 - 8.75)	3.17	(2.35 - 4.26)
Region 4	6.26	(4.81 - 8.12)	2.94	(1.99 - 4.33)
Region 5	6.33	(4.94 - 8.08)	2.93	(1.98 - 4.30)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

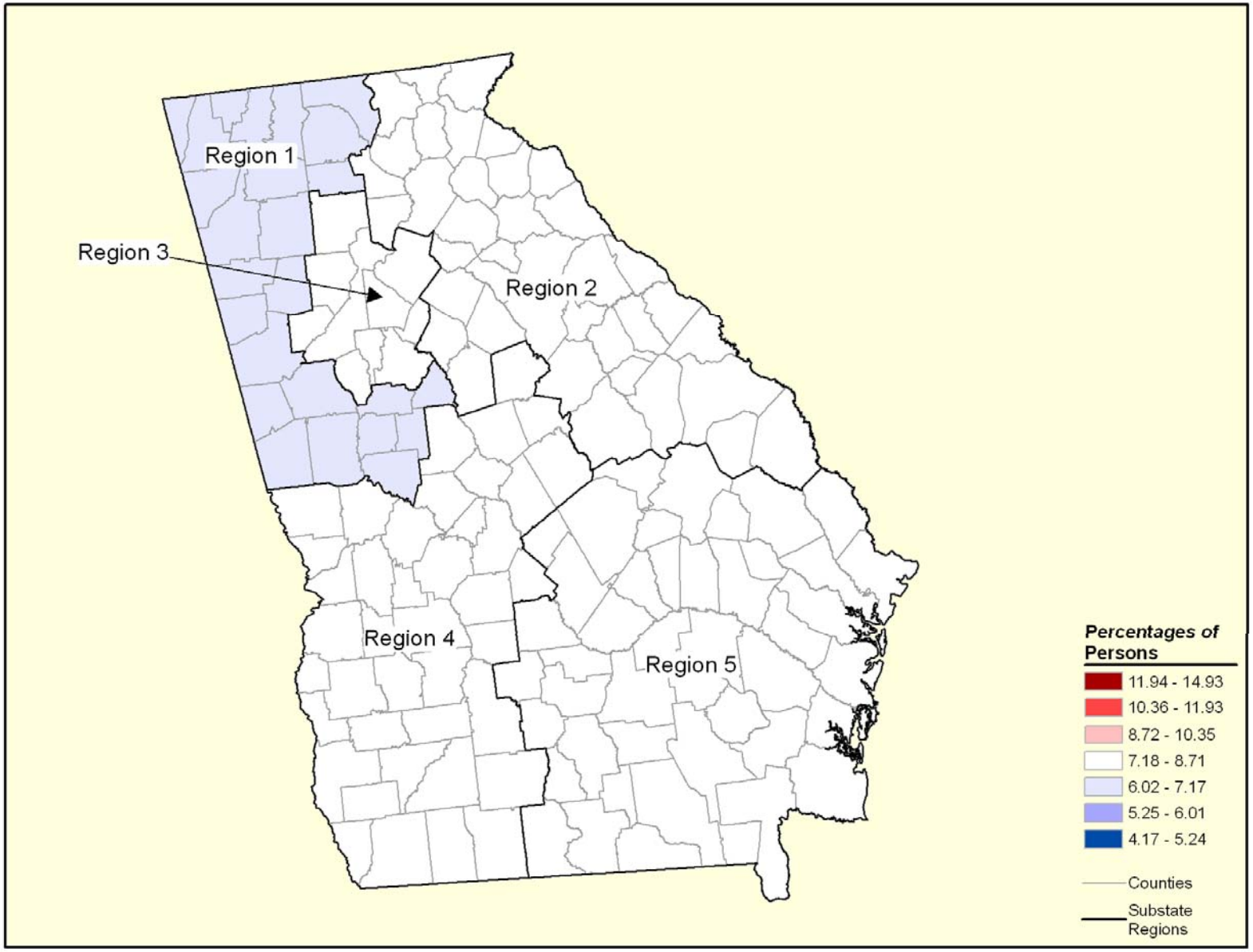
NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

[1] Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for alcohol, but not receiving treatment for an alcohol problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], or mental health centers).

[2] Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for illicit drugs, but not receiving treatment for an illicit drug problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], or mental health centers). Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically, these estimate are based on data from original questions excluding those on the use of over-the-counter drugs or new methamphetamine items that were added in 2005 and 2006. See Section B.4.8 in the Appendix B of the *Results from the 2008 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: National Findings.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

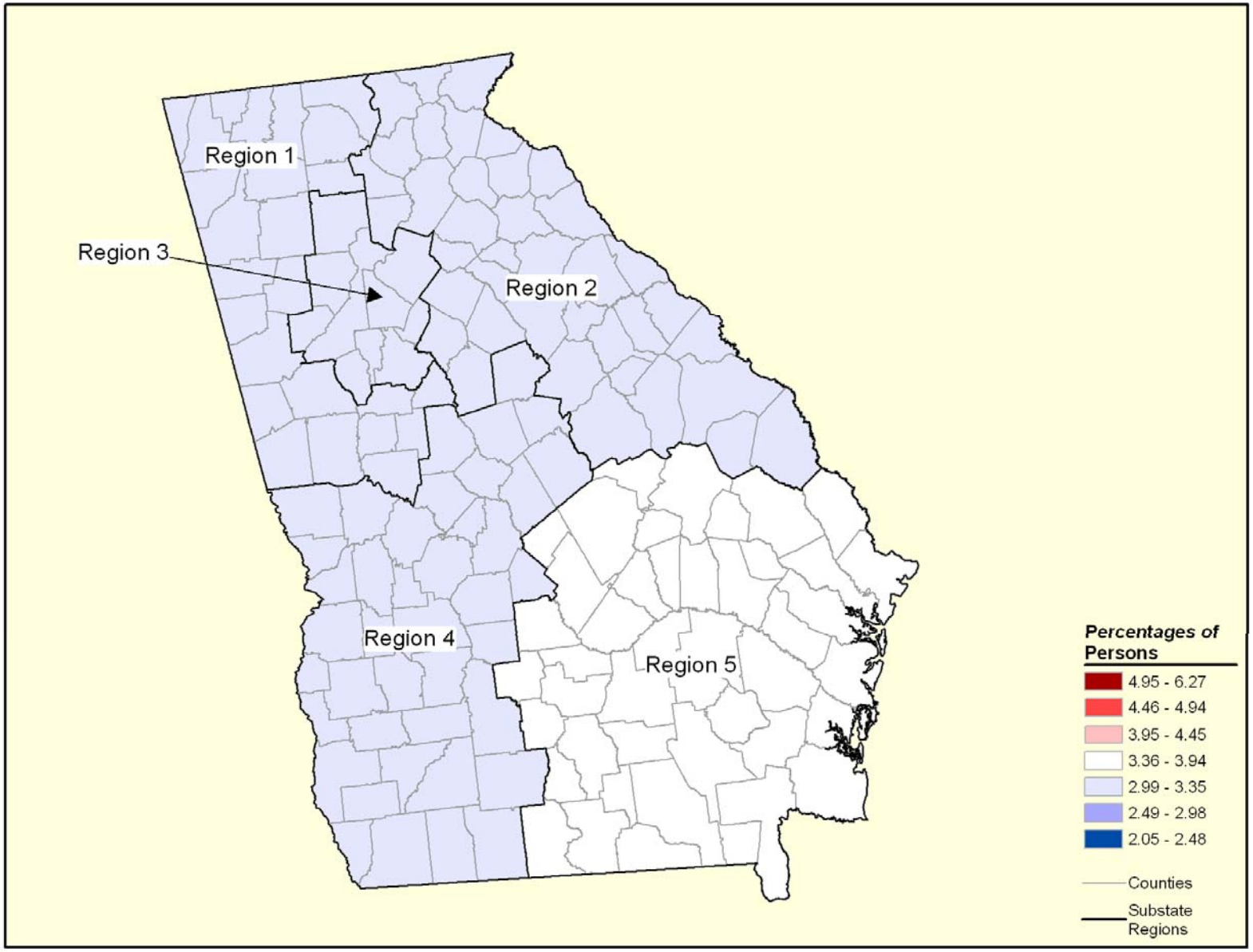
Figure 11.1.1 ***Illicit Drug Use in Past Month*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

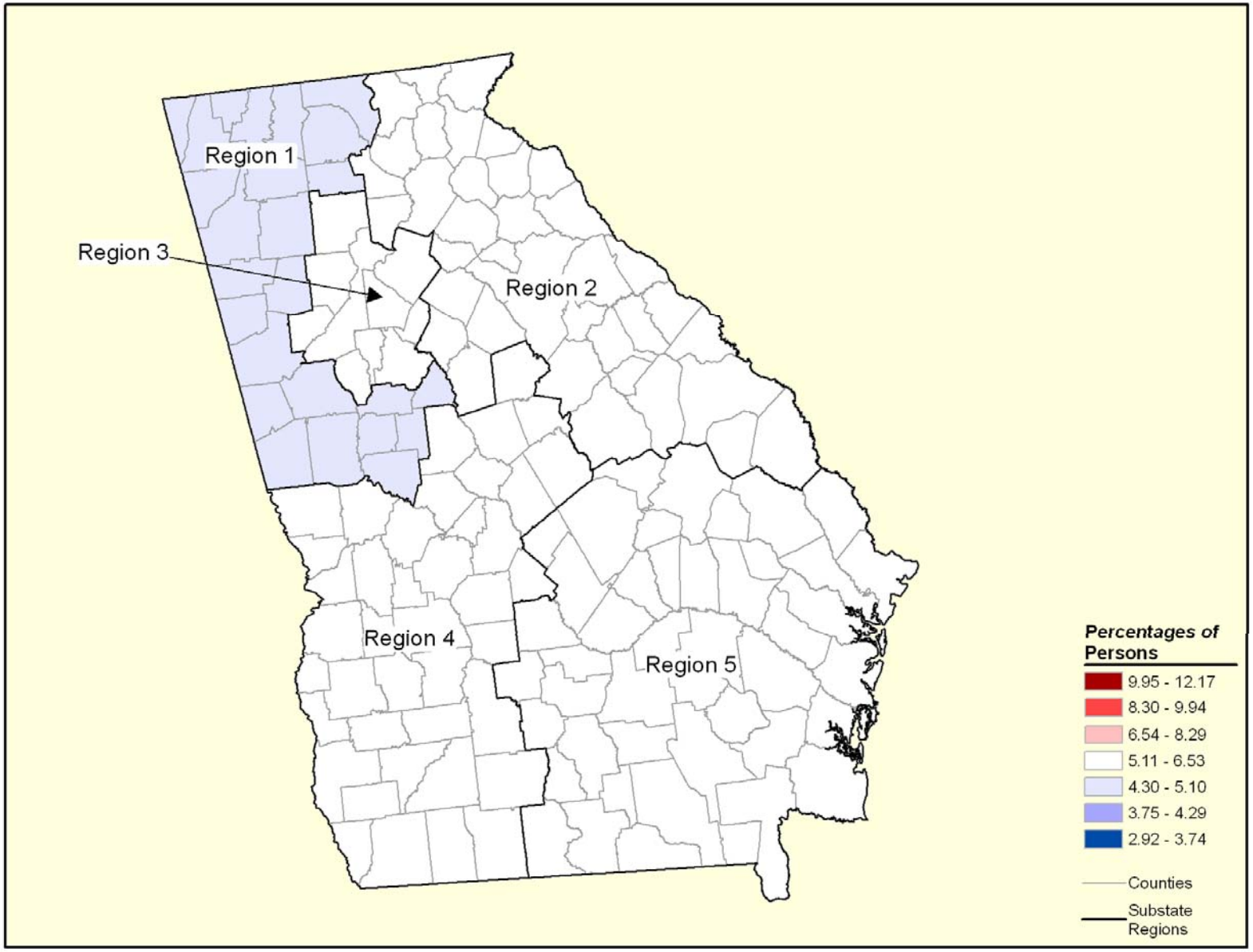
Figure 11.1.2 ***Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in Past Month*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

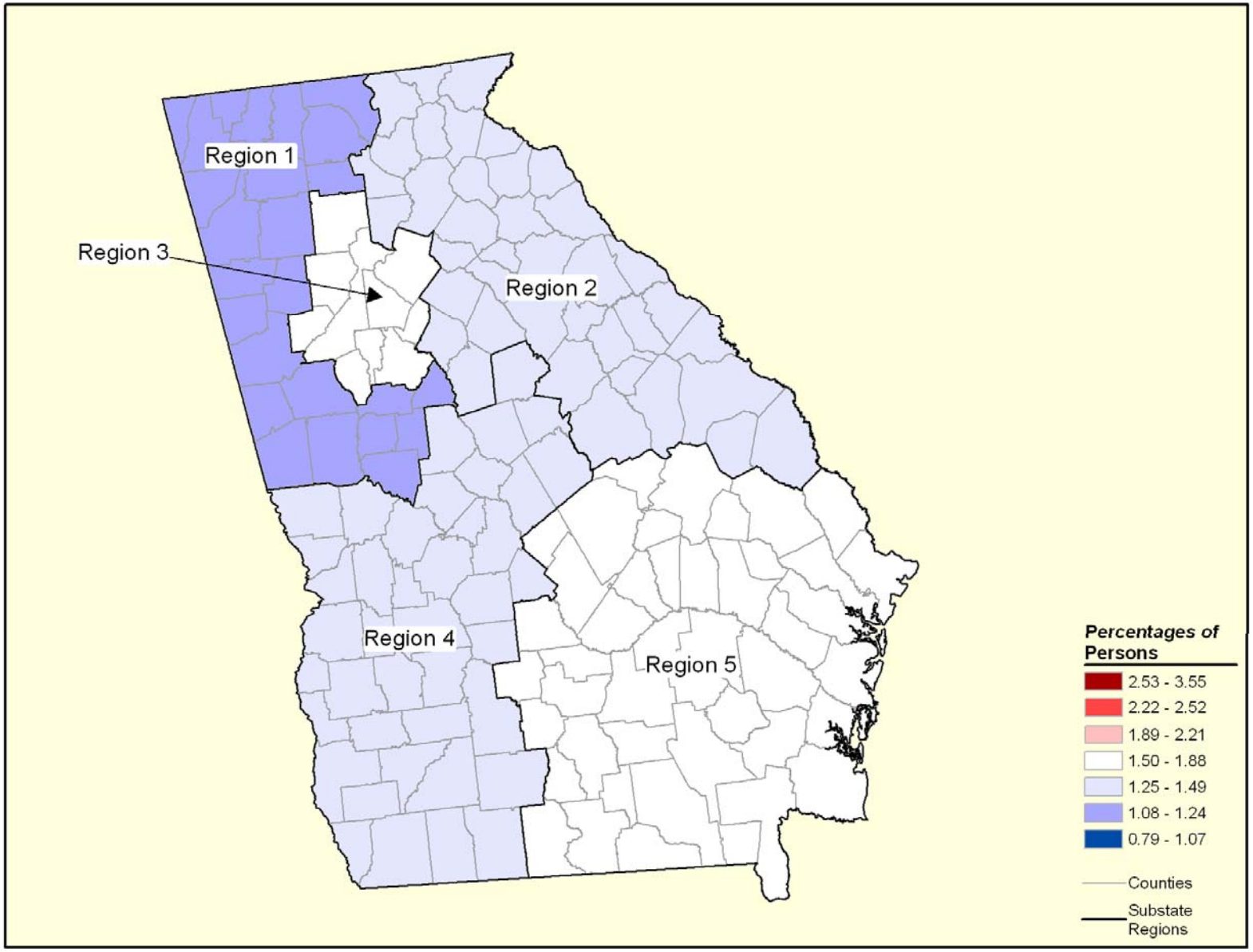
Figure 11.2.1 ***Marijuana Use in Past Month*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

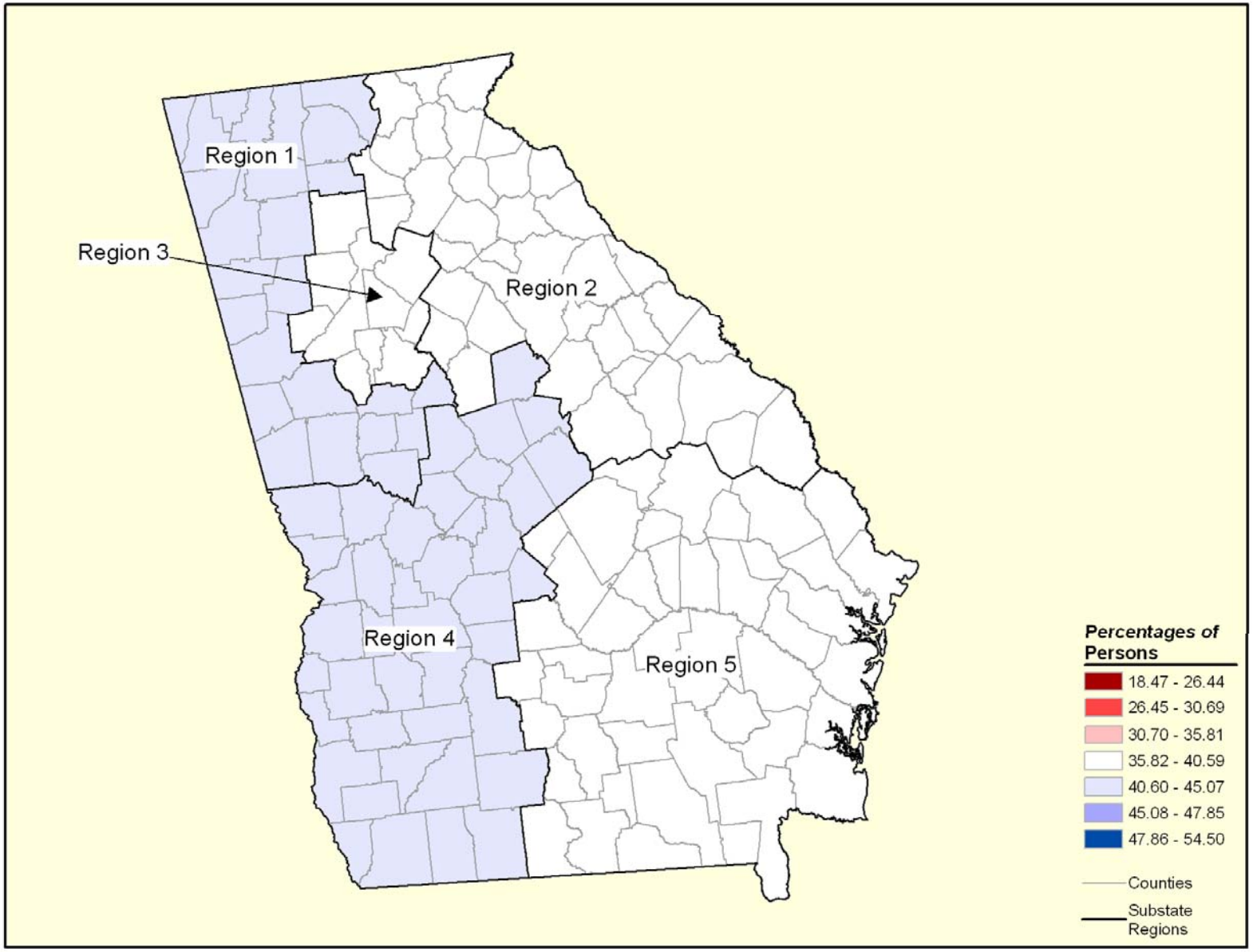
Figure 11.2.2 ***First Use of Marijuana*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Average Annual Rates Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

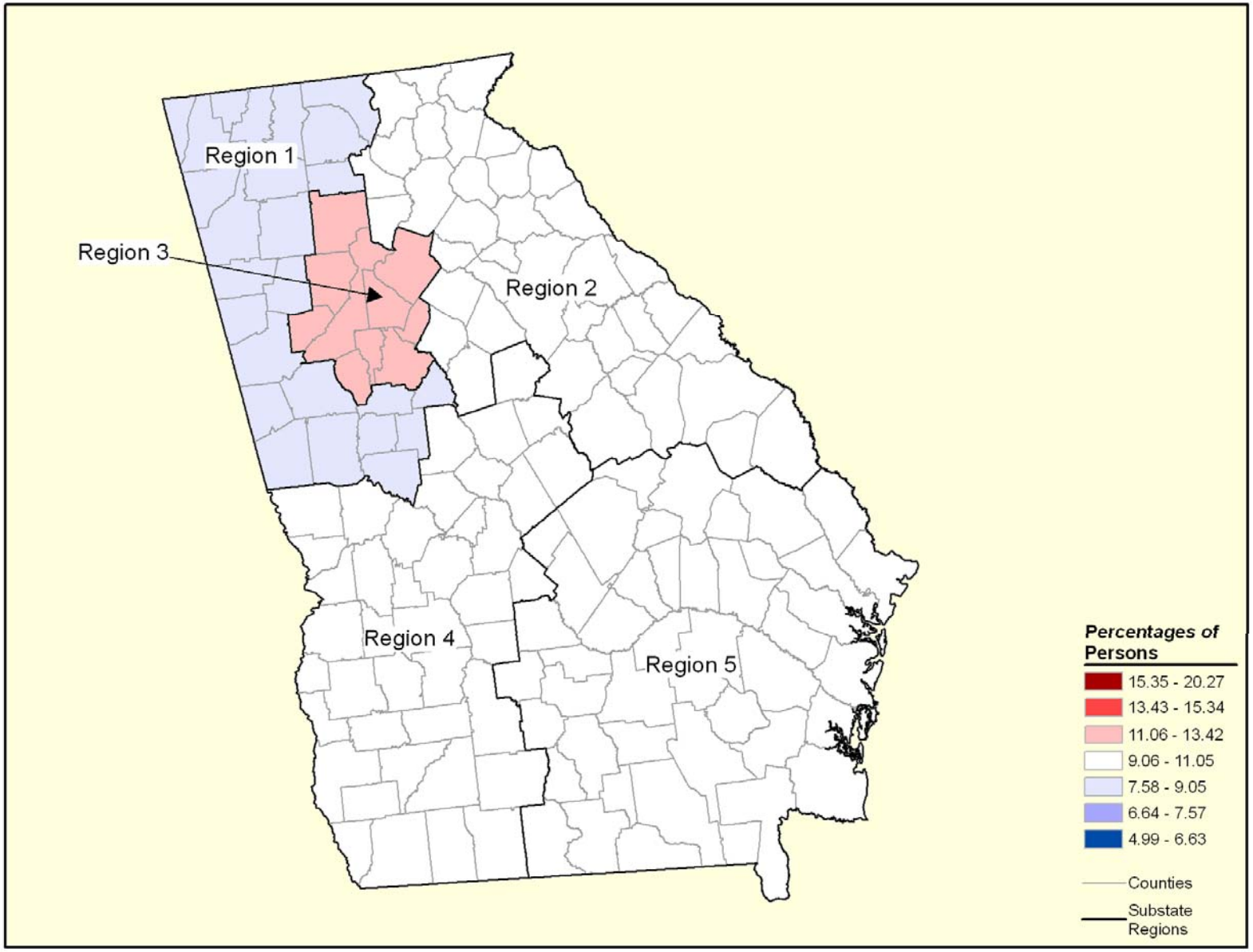
Figure 11.2.3 ***Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

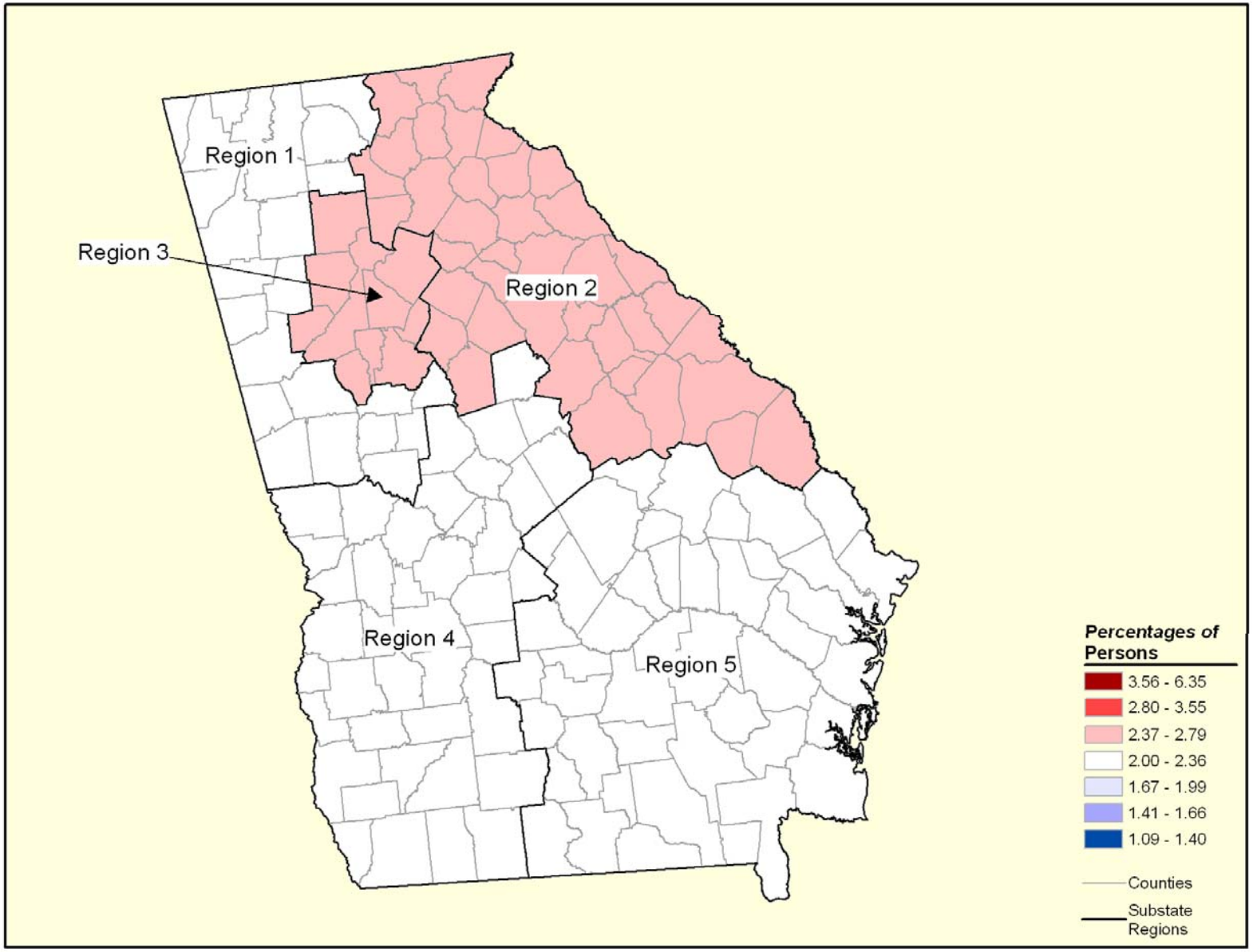
Figure 11.3.1 ***Marijuana Use in Past Year*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

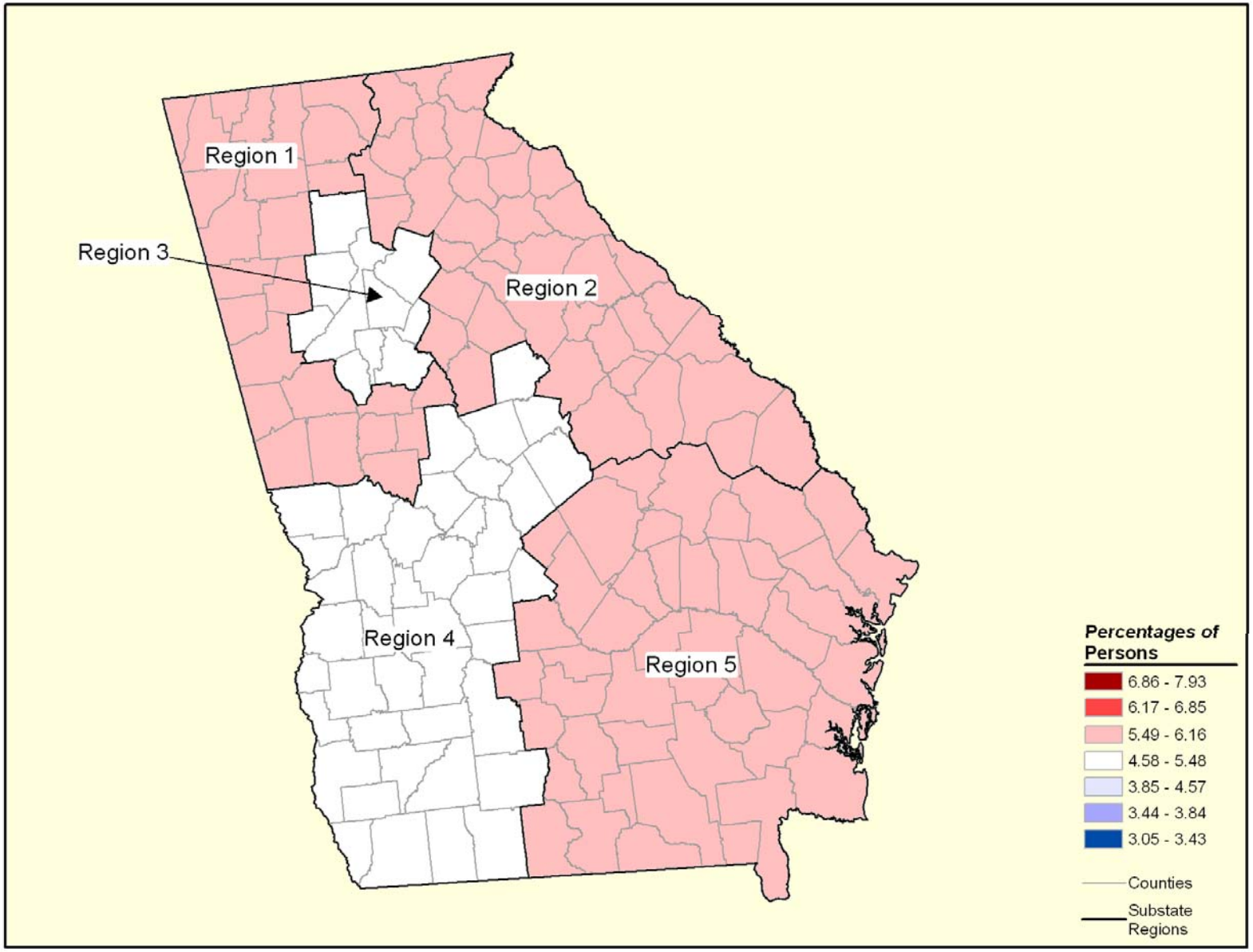
Figure 11.3.2 ***Cocaine Use in Past Year*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

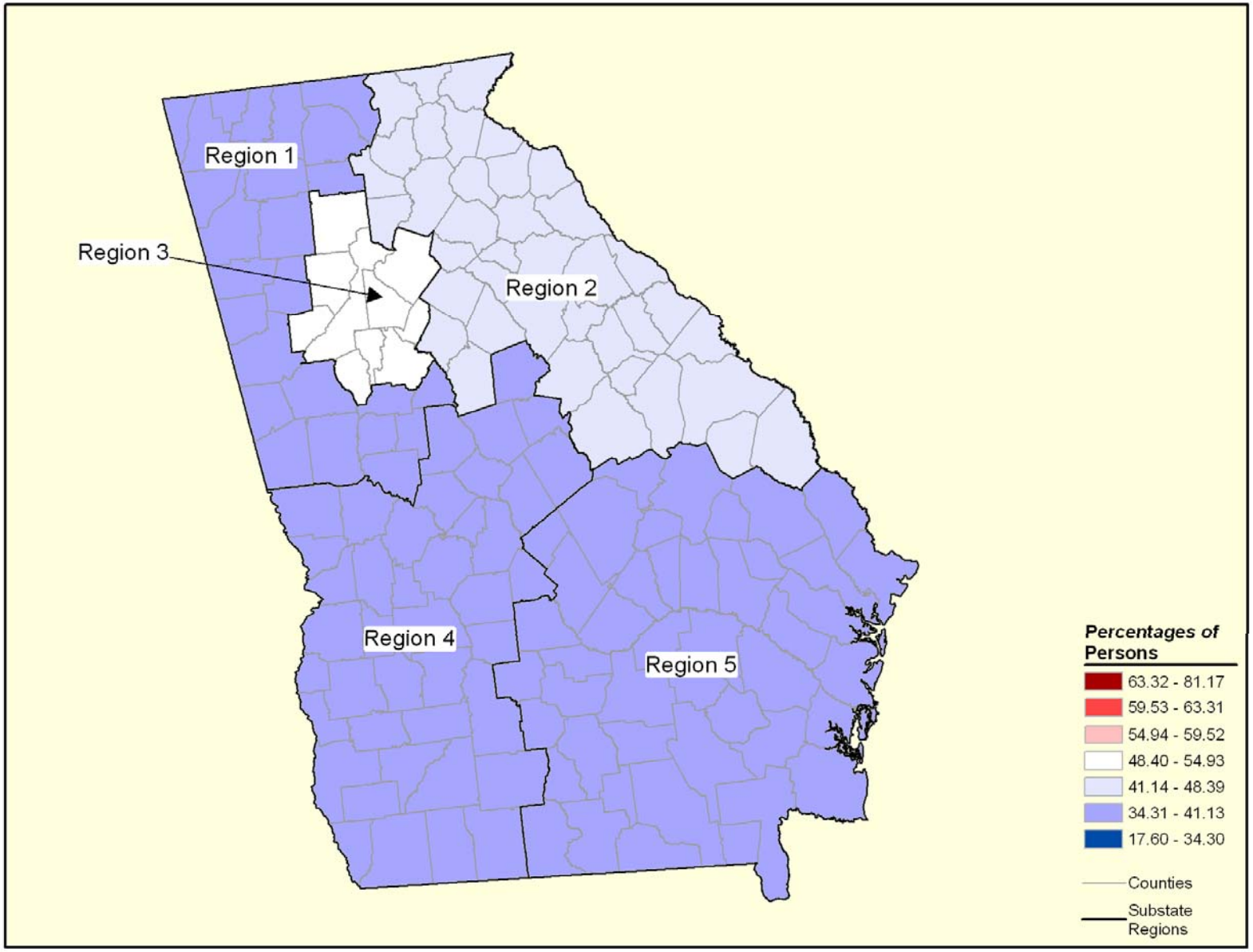
Figure 11.3.3 ***Nonmedical Use of Pain Relievers in Past Year*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

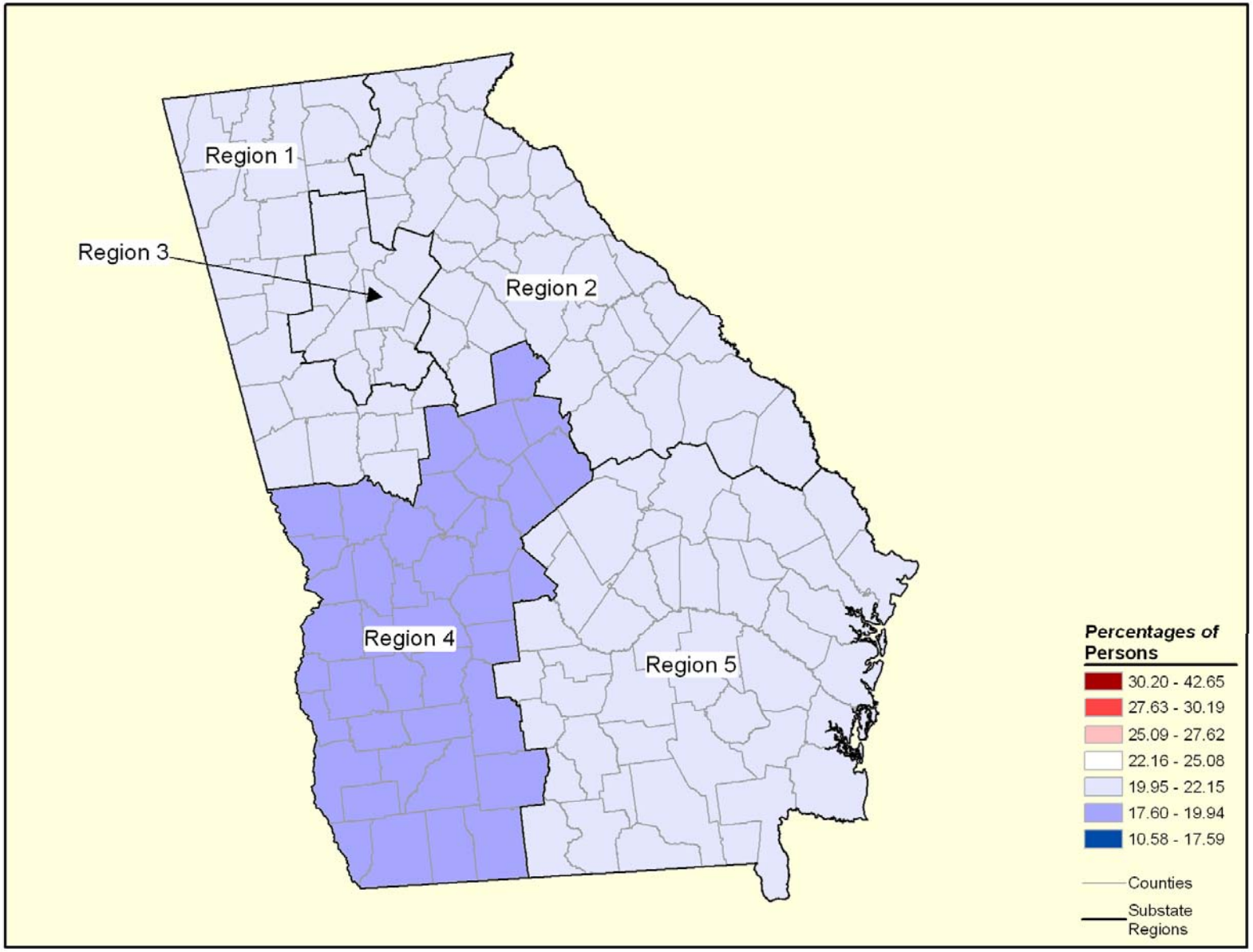
Figure 11.4.1 ***Alcohol Use in Past Month*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

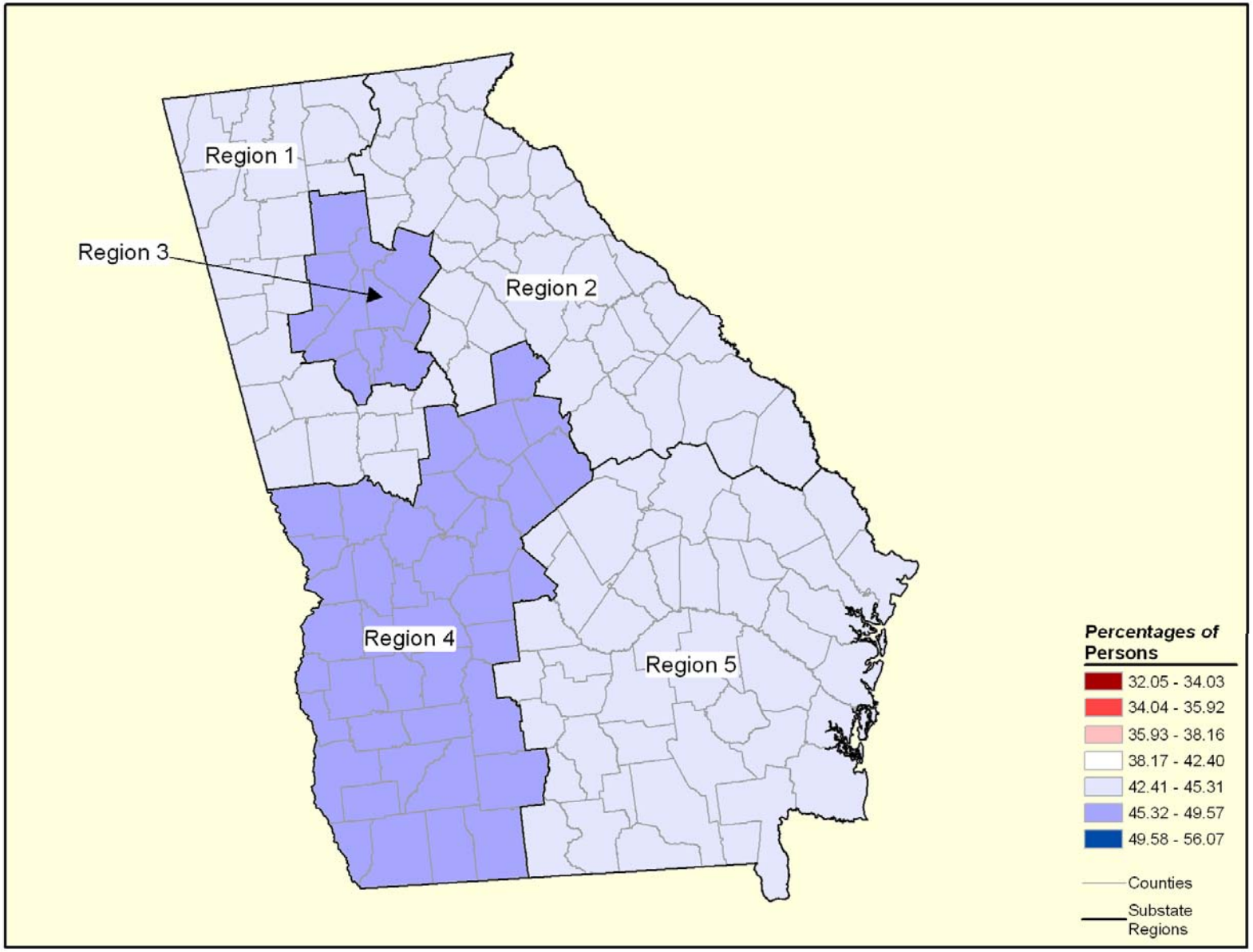
Figure 11.4.2 ***Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

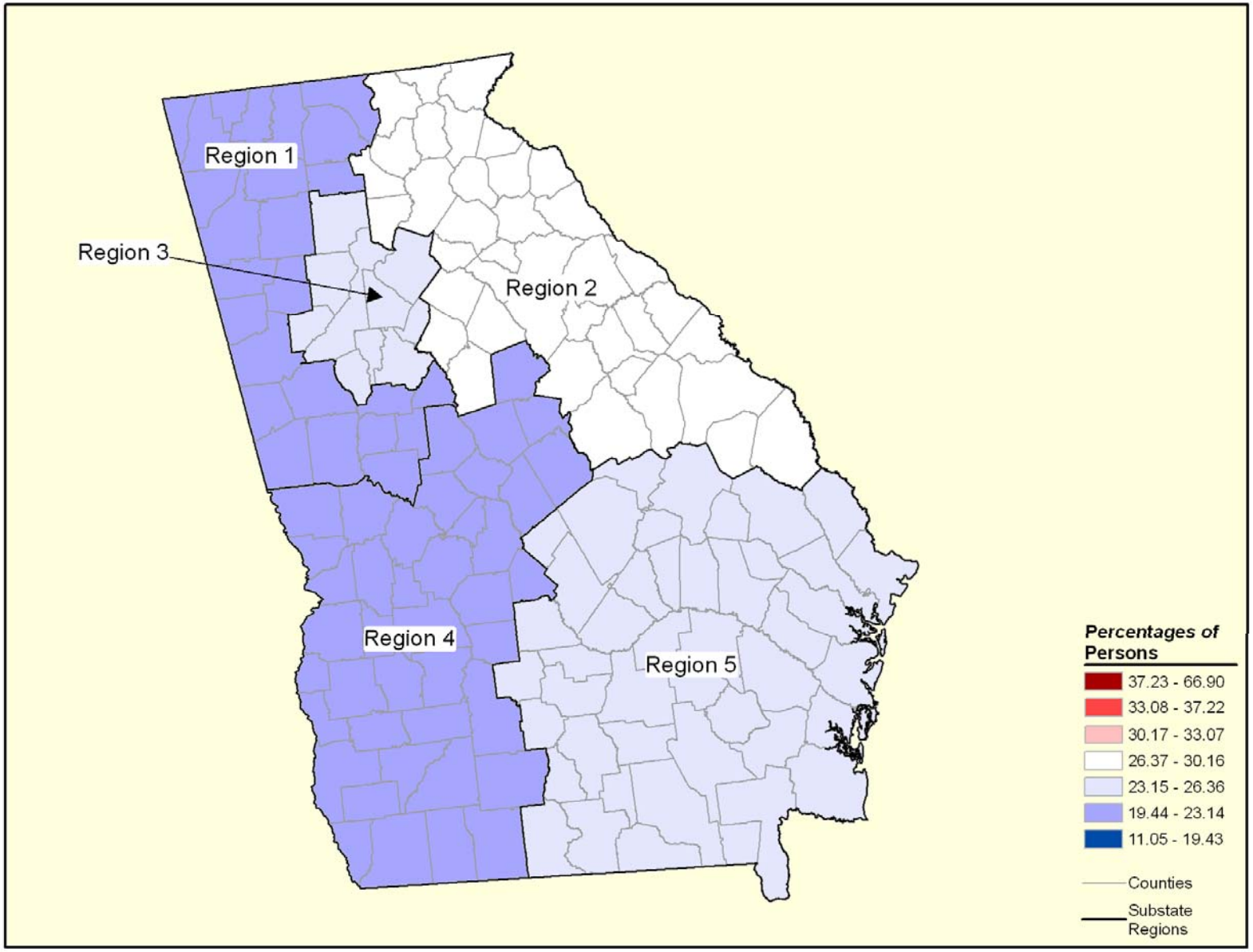
Figure 11.4.3 ***Perceptions of Great Risk of Having Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

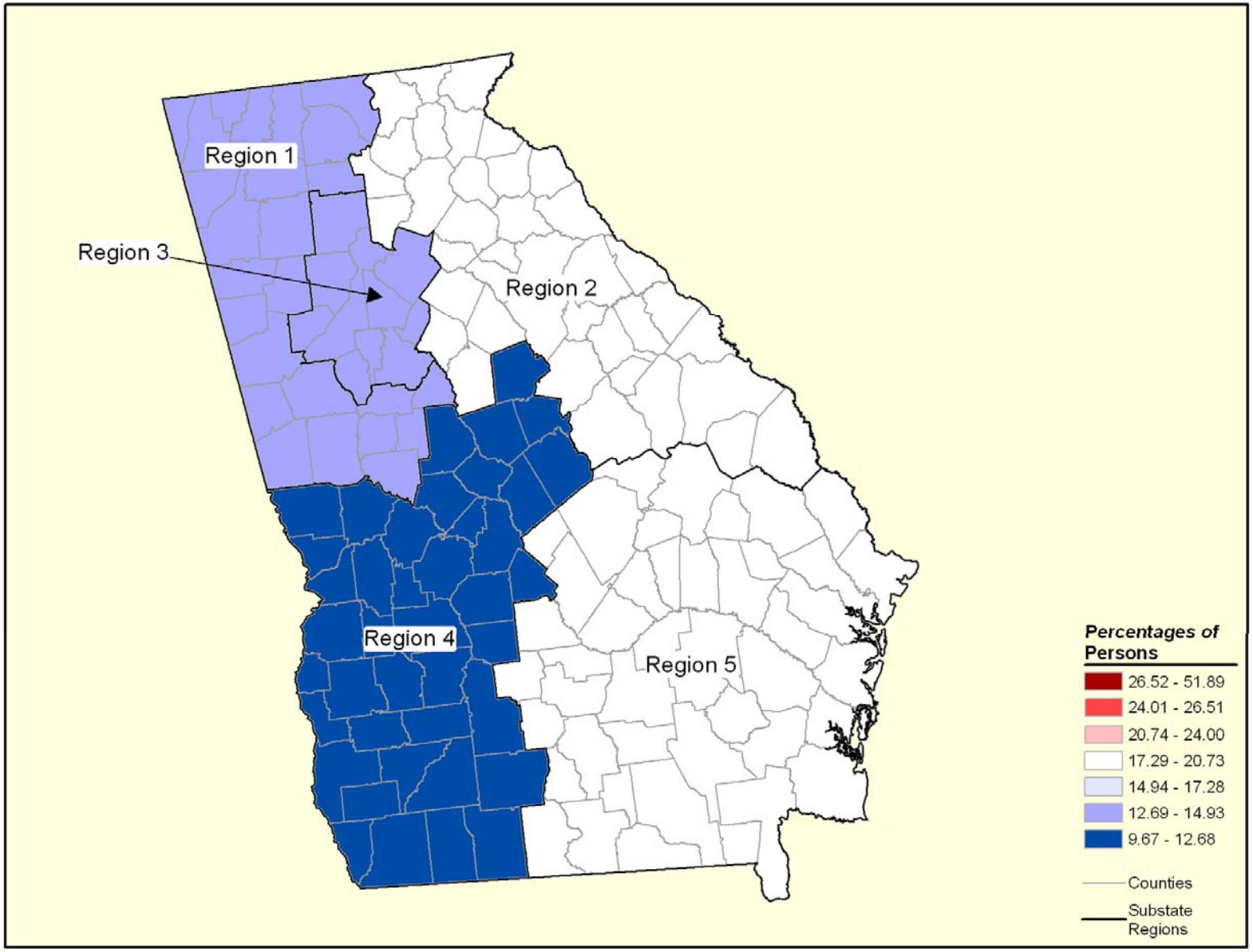
Figure 11.5.1 ***Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20*** **in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

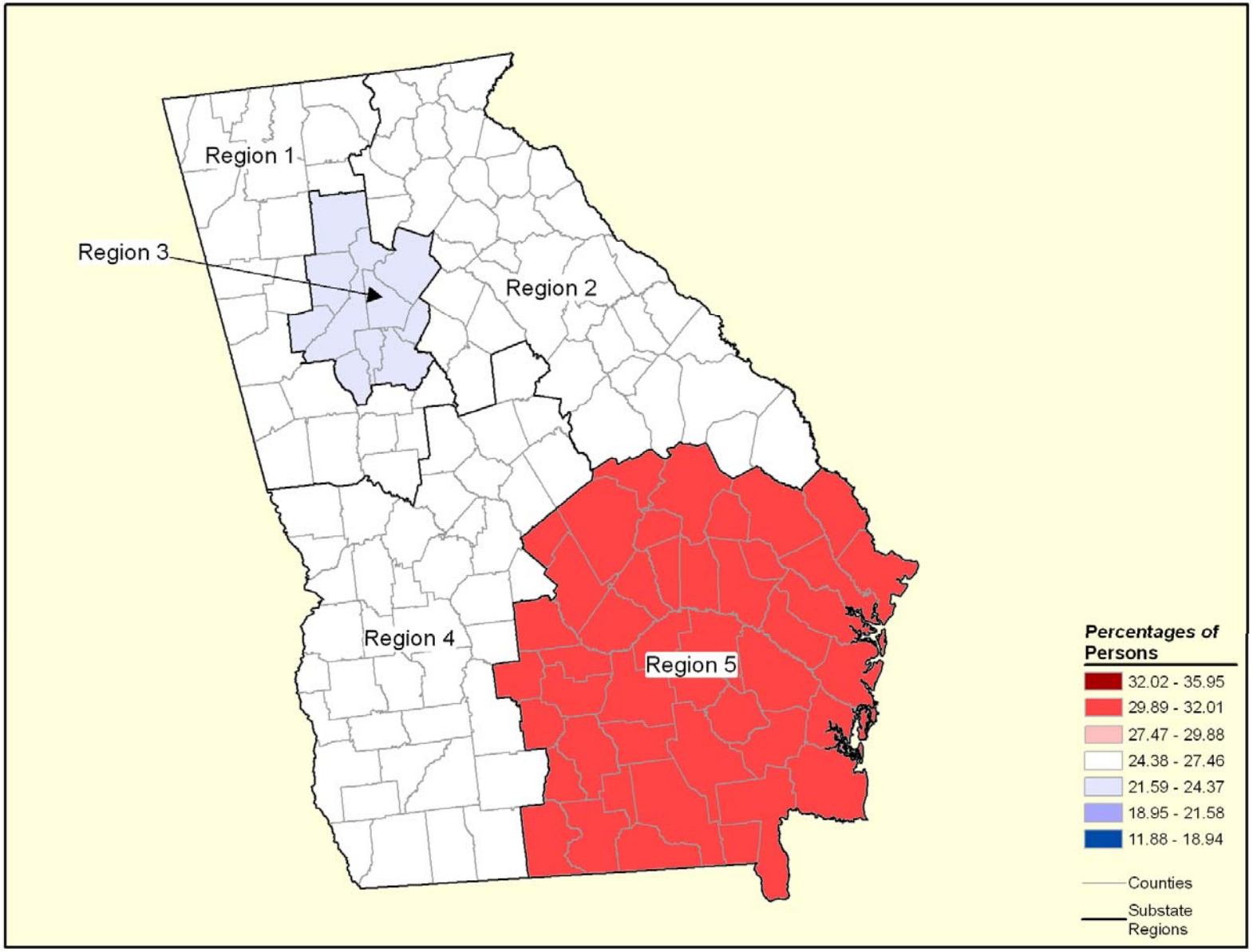
Figure 11.5.2 ***Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20*** **in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

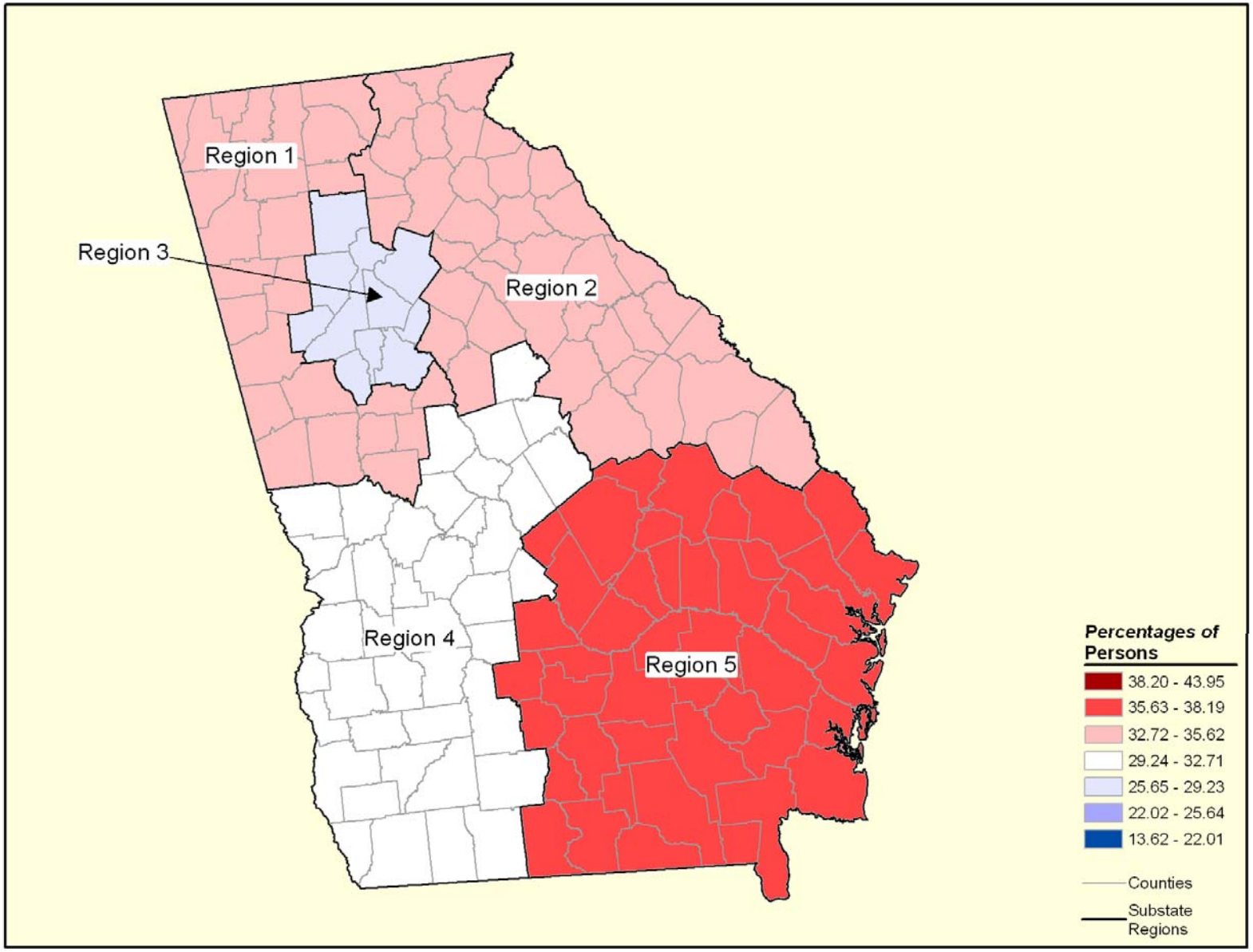
Figure 11.6.1 ***Cigarette Use in Past Month*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

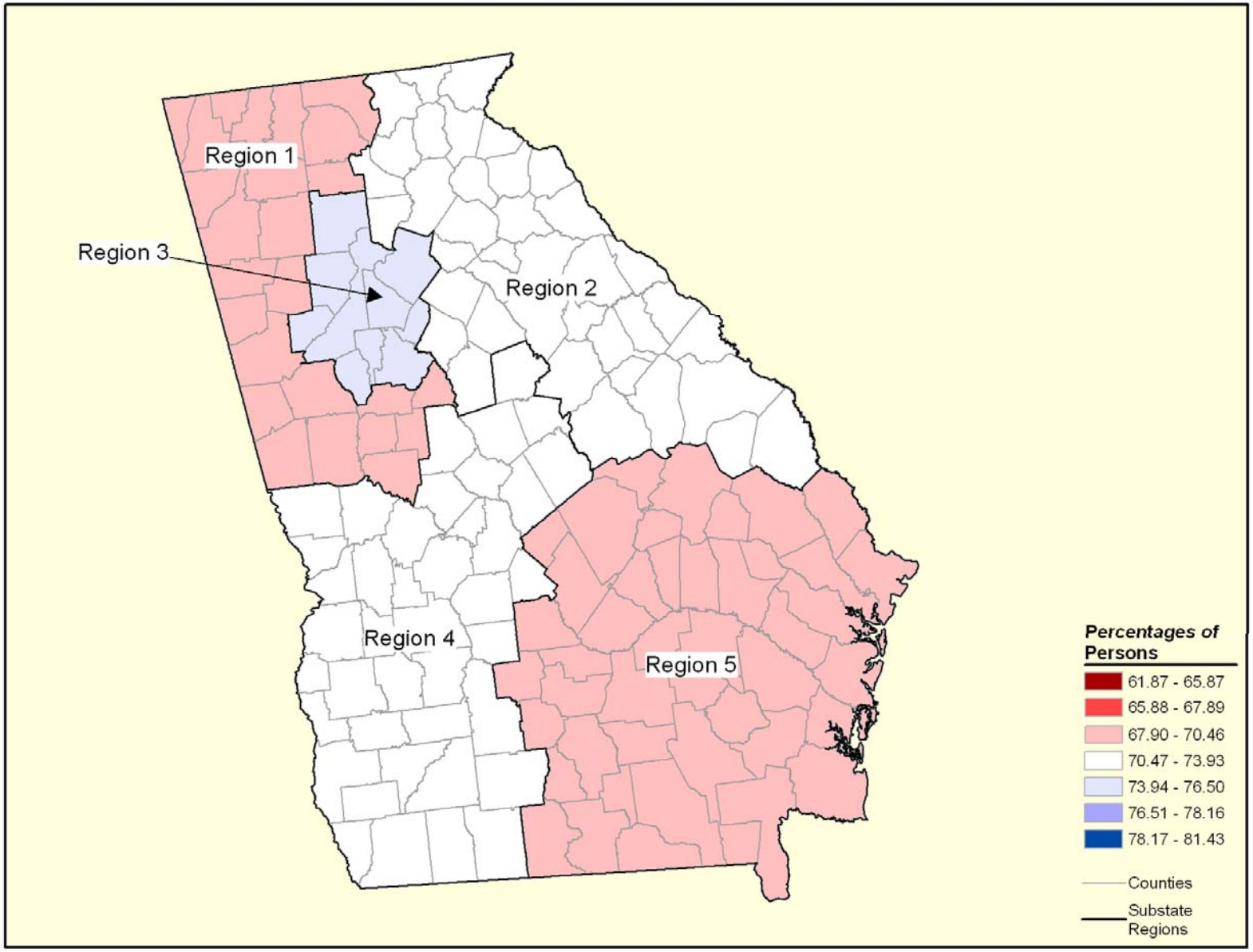
Figure 11.6.2 ***Tobacco Product Use in Past Month*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

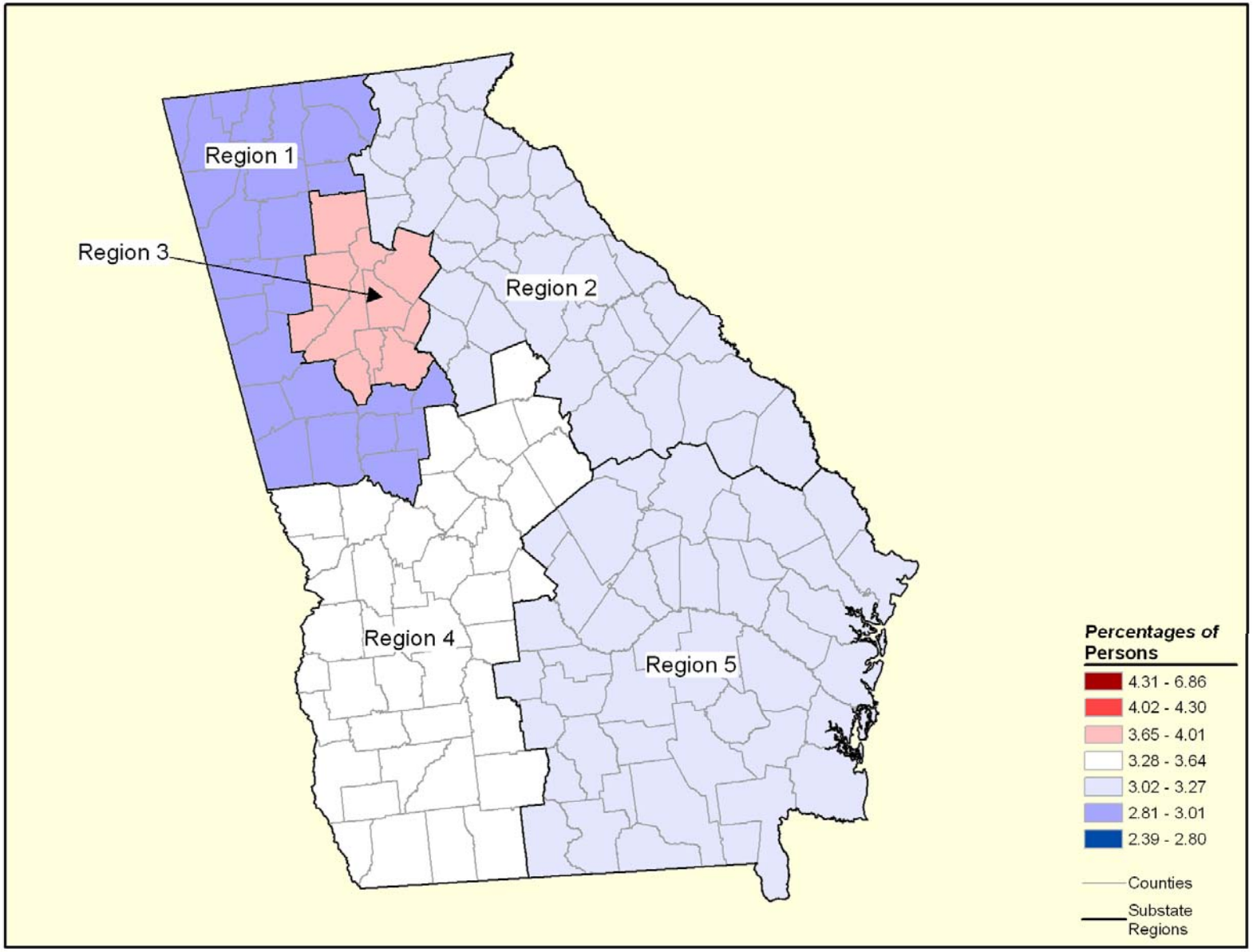
Figure 11.6.3 ***Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

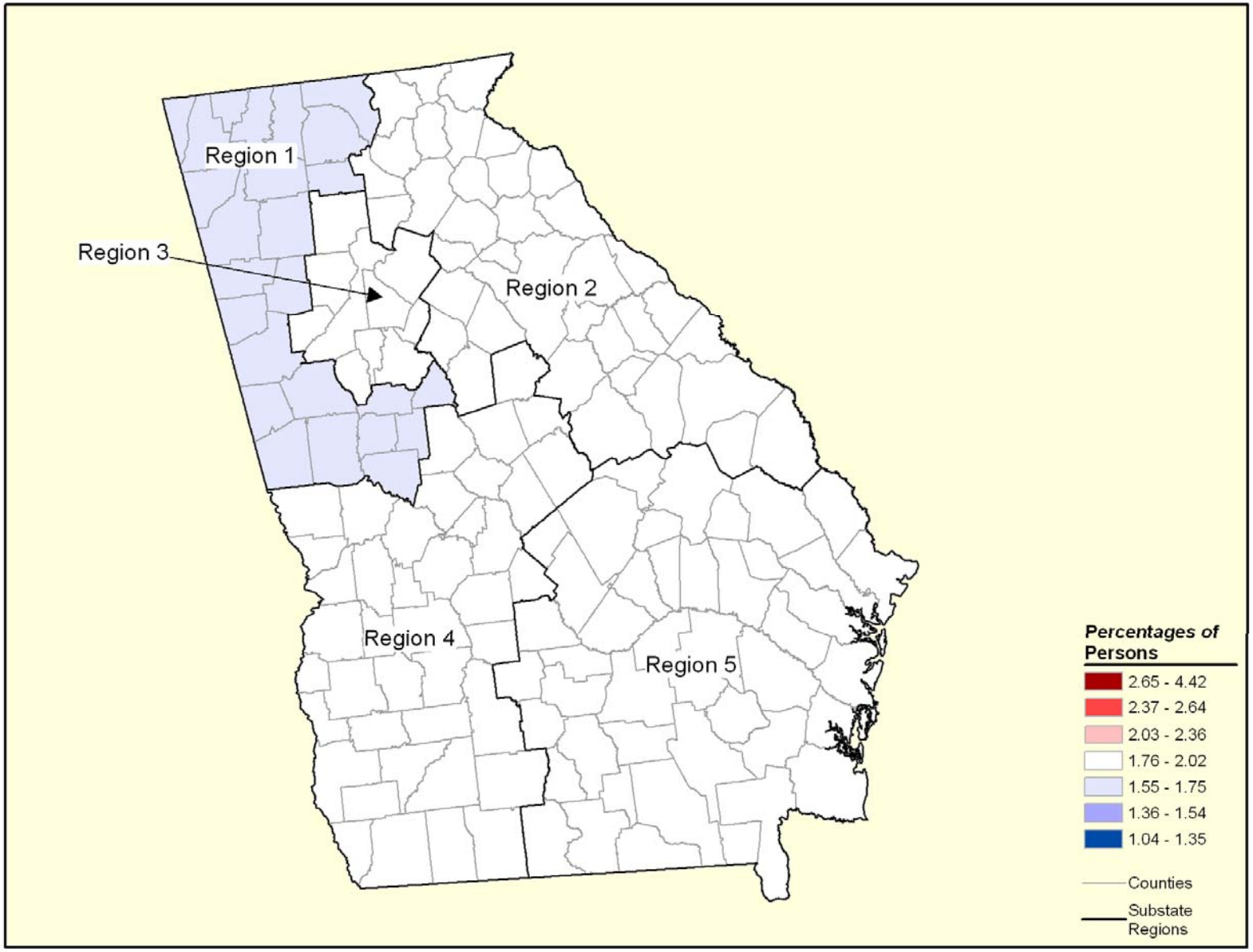
Figure 11.7.1 ***Alcohol Dependence in Past Year*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

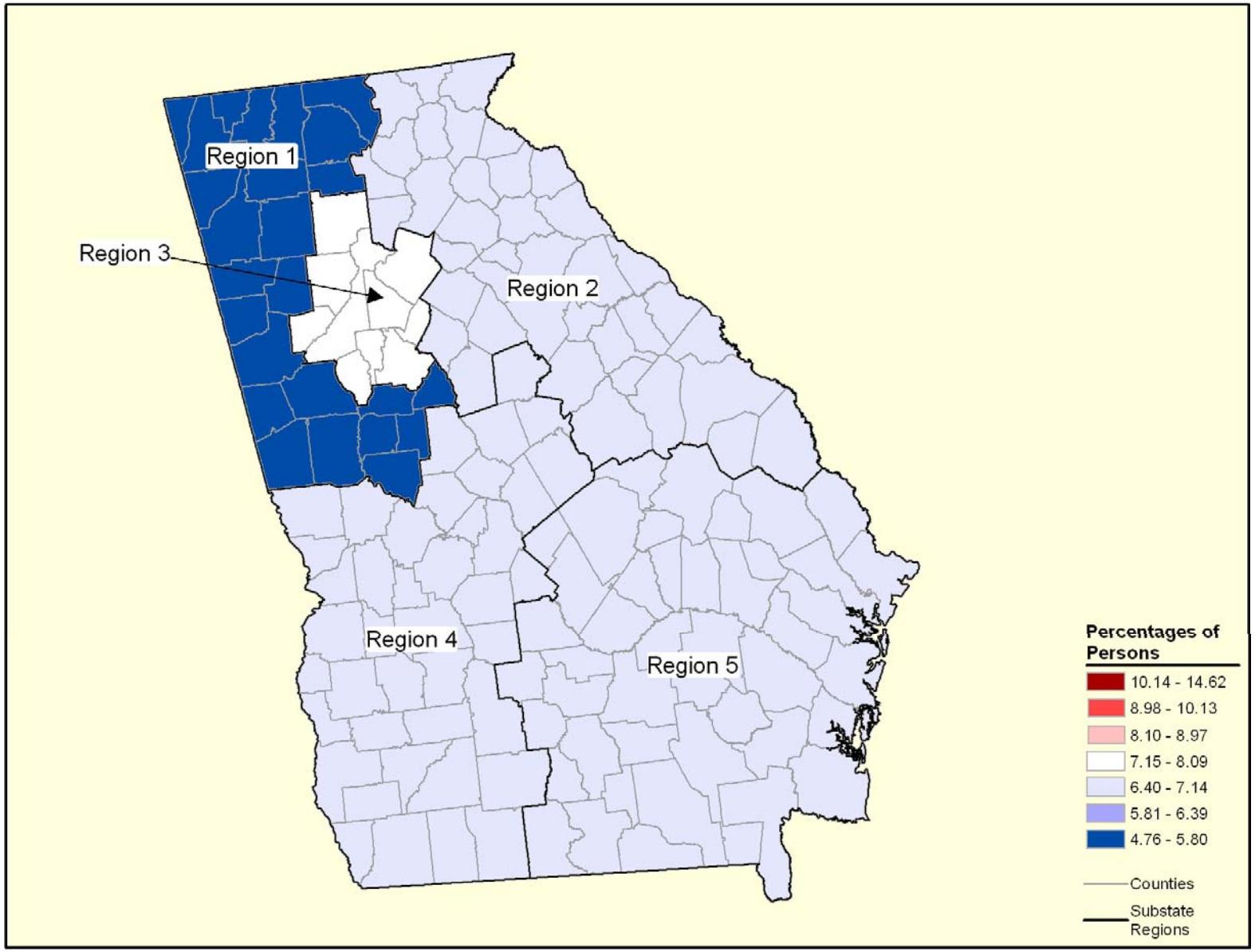
Figure 11.7.2 ***Illicit Drug Dependence in Past Year*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

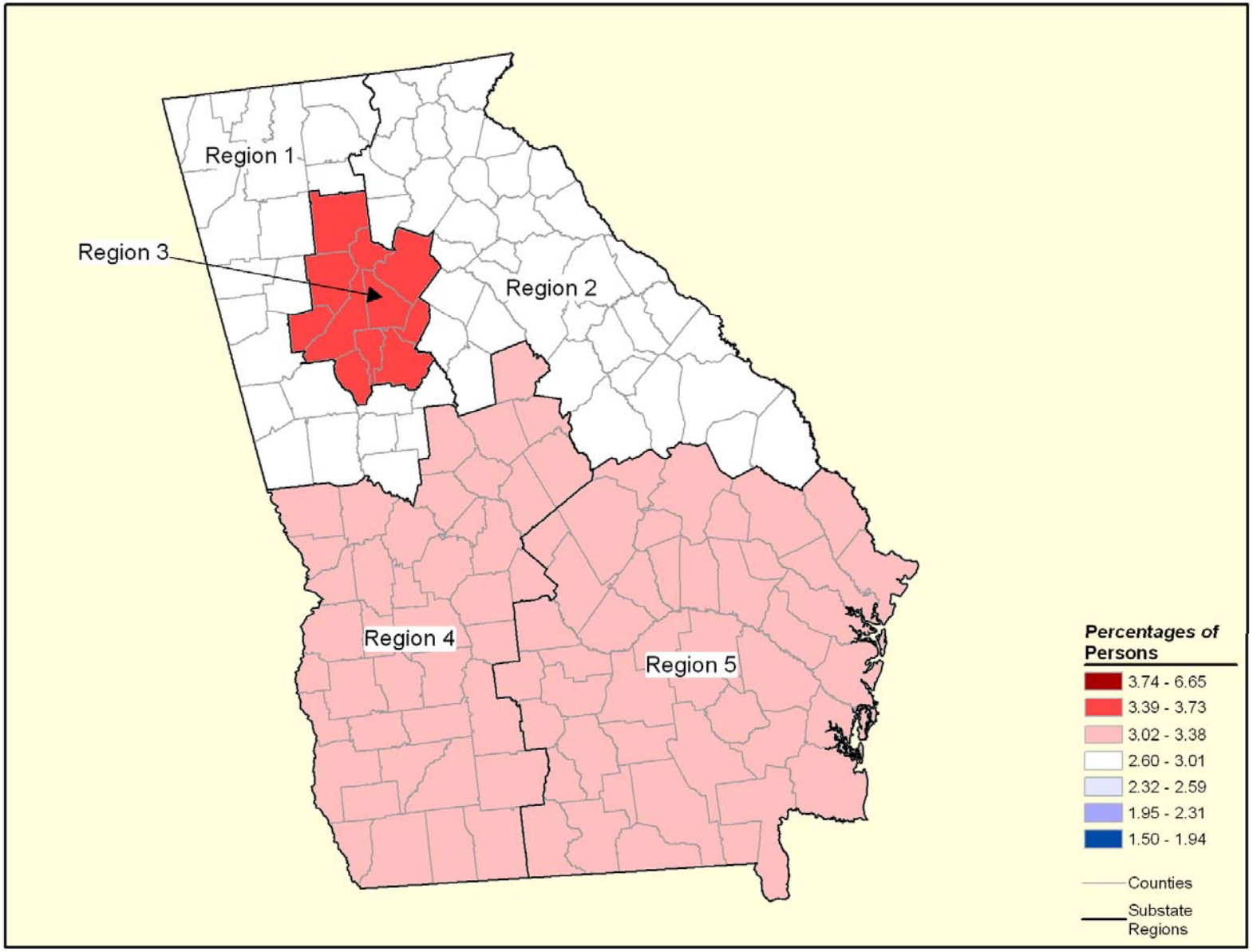
Figure 11.8.1 ***Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in Past Year*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

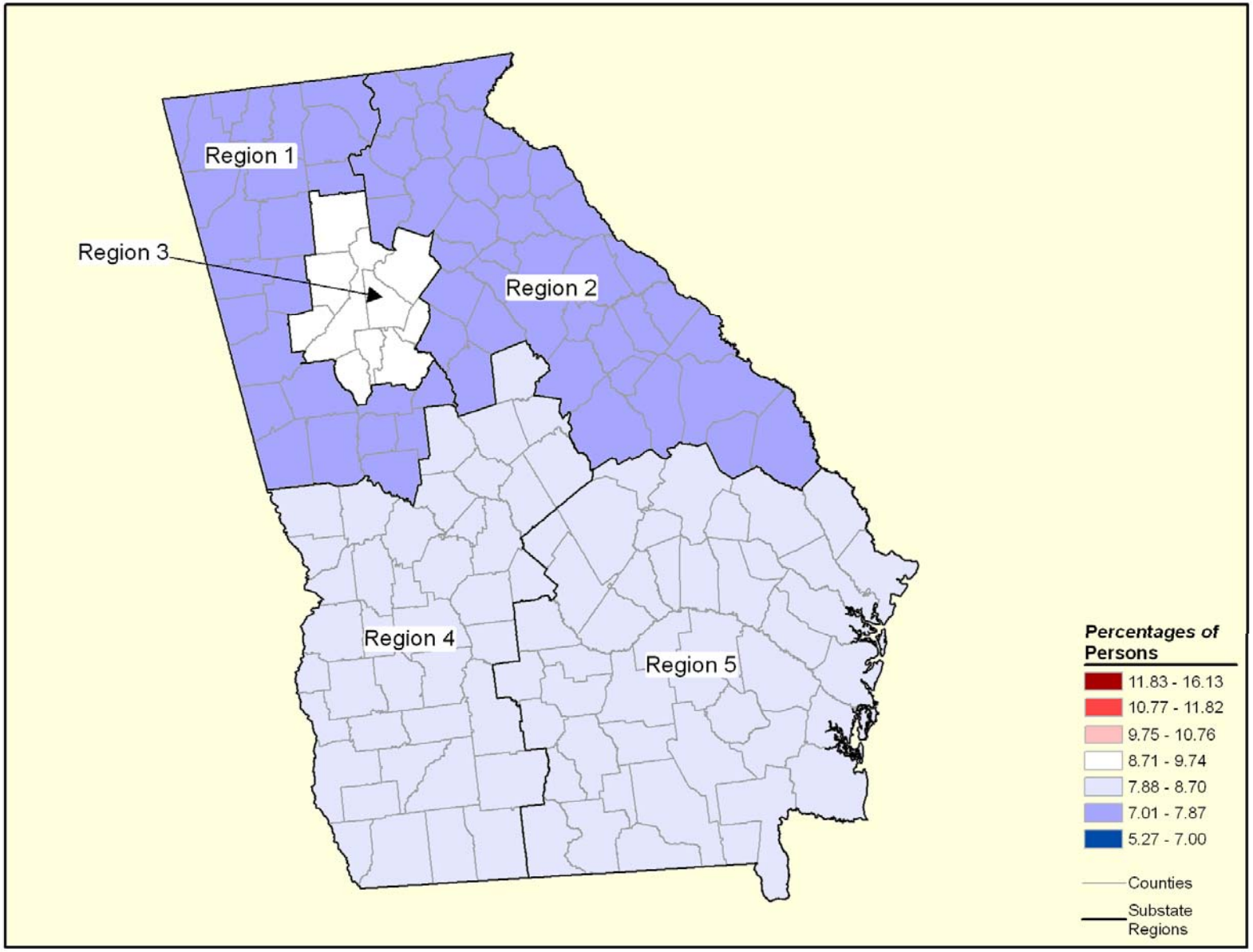
Figure 11.8.2 ***Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse in Past Year*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

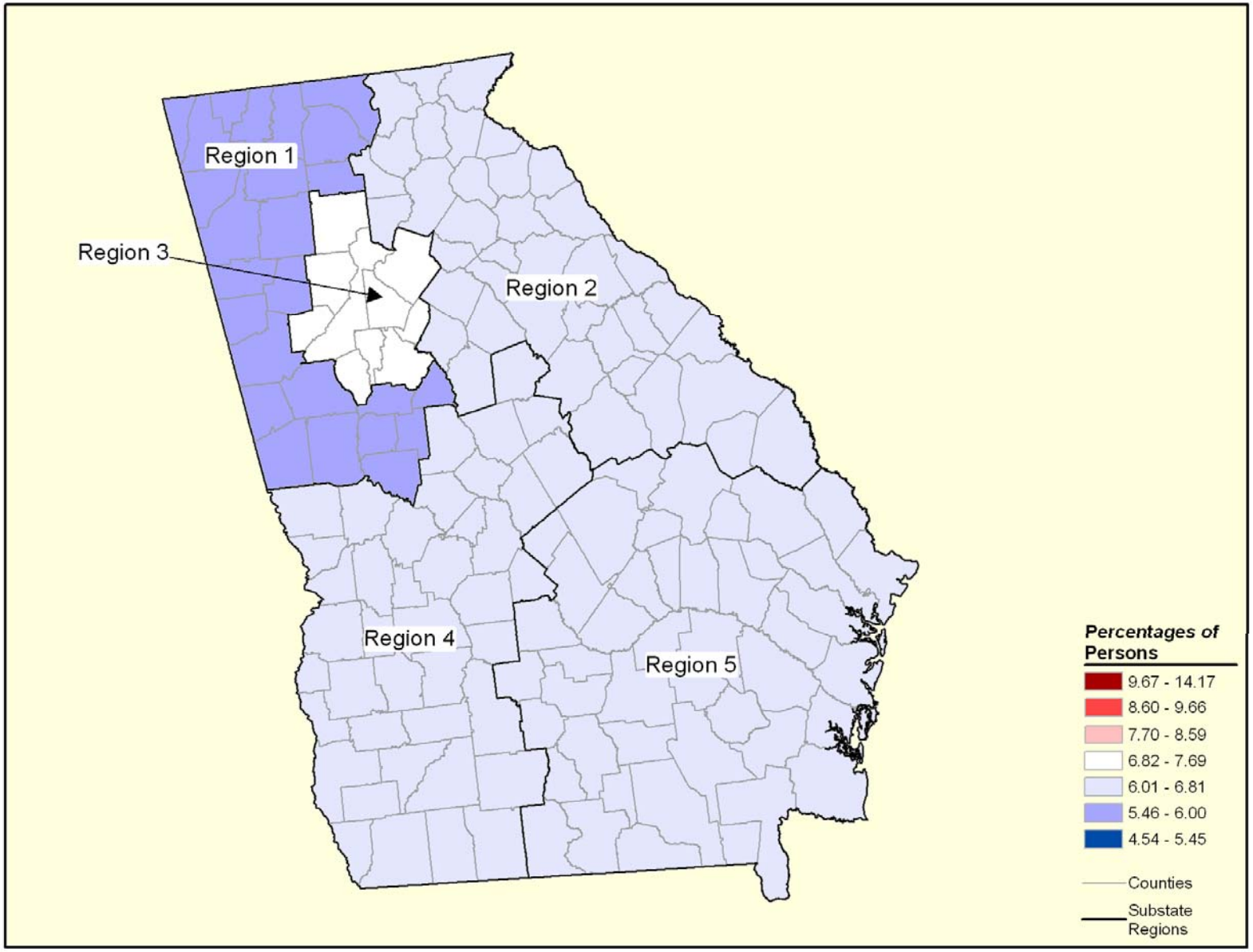
Figure 11.8.3 ***Dependence on or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in Past Year*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

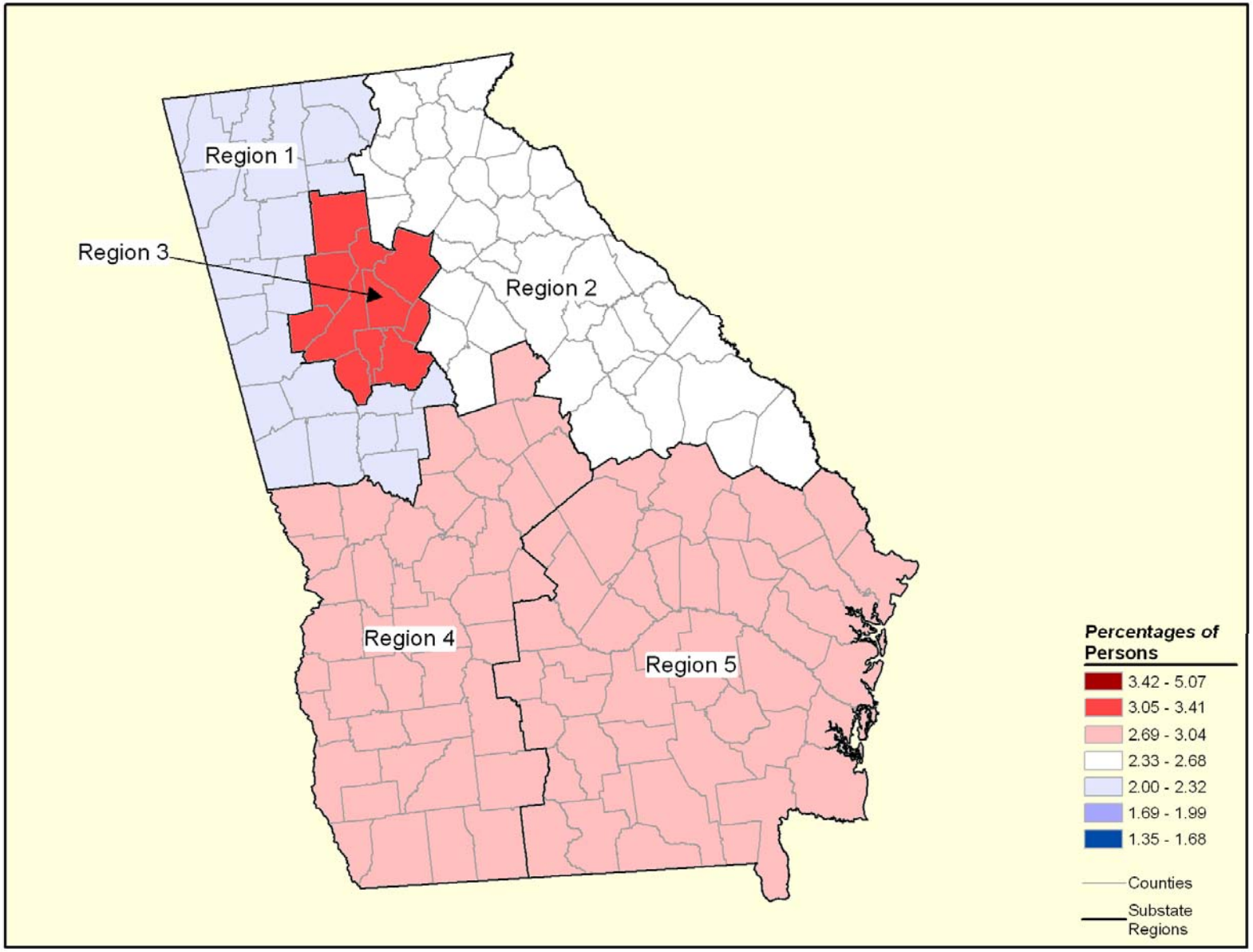
Figure 11.9.1 ***Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol Use in Past Year*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.

Figure 11.9.2 ***Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Illicit Drug Use in Past Year*** **among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Georgia, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2006, 2007, and 2008 NSDUHs**



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 344 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2006-2008 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2006, 2007, and 2008.